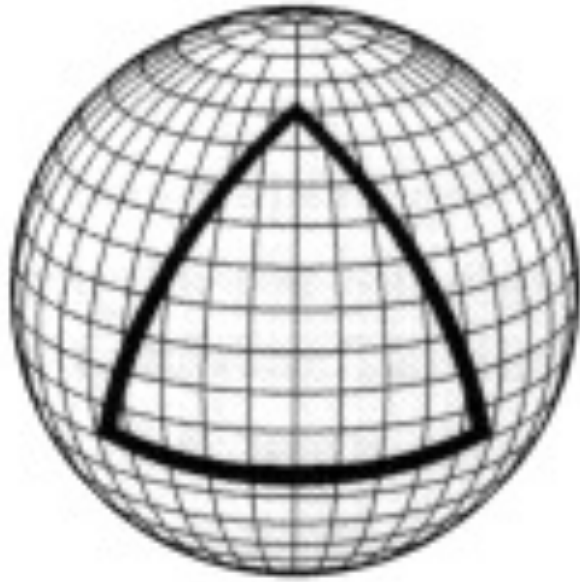


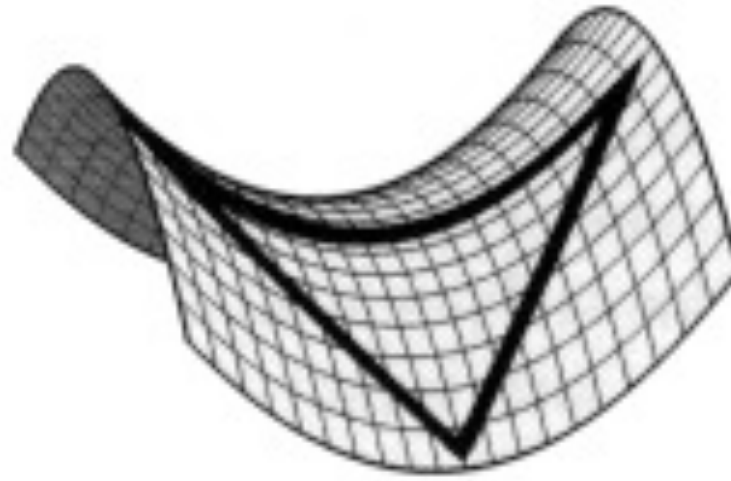
Astro 6: class 8

Wednesday, November 20, 2013

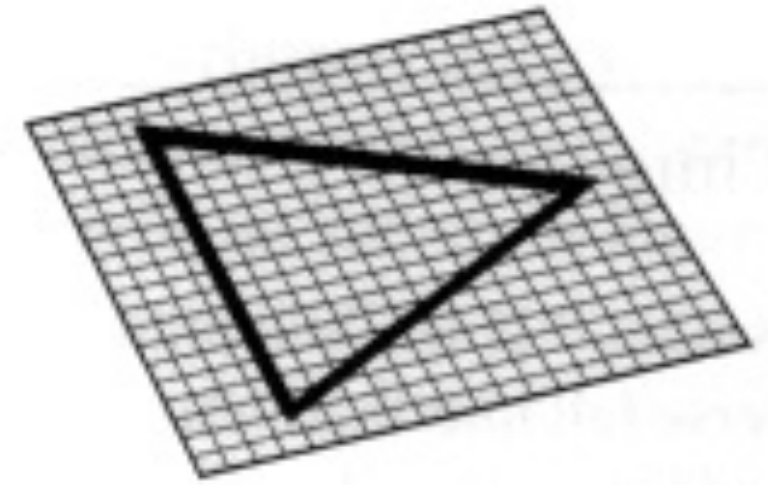
interior angles of a triangle... 180 degrees?



Positive Curvature



Negative Curvature



Flat Curvature

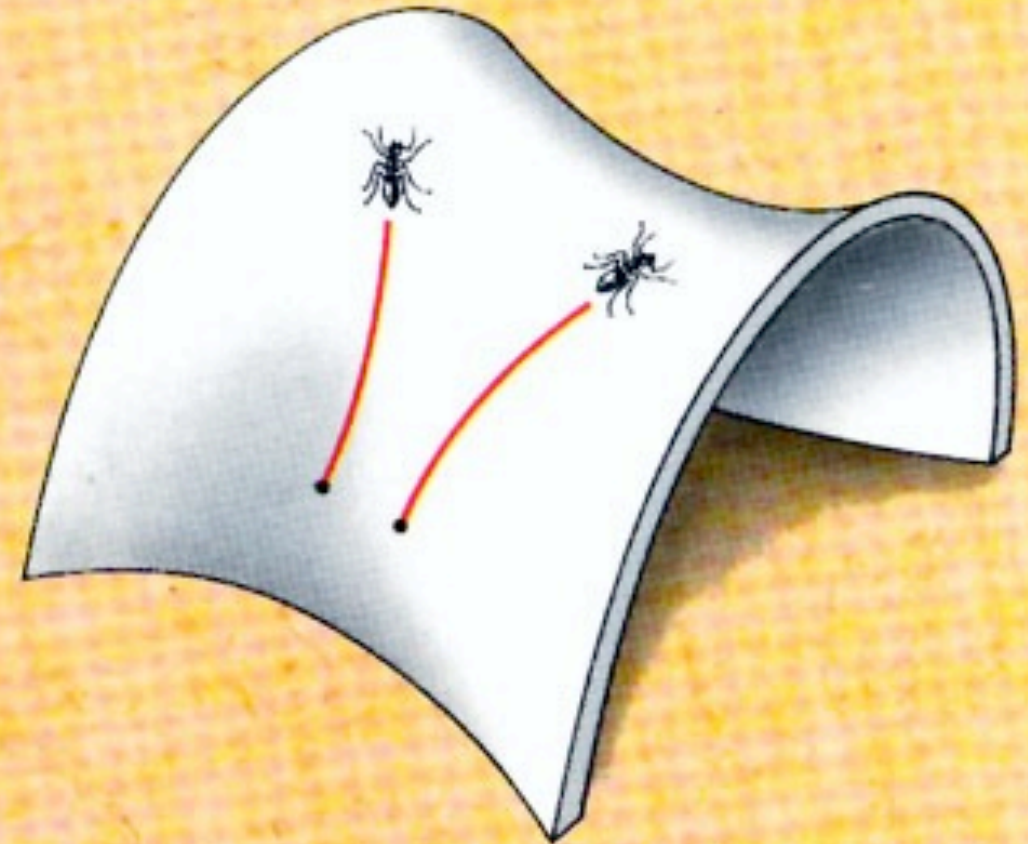
parallel lines?



Zero curvature

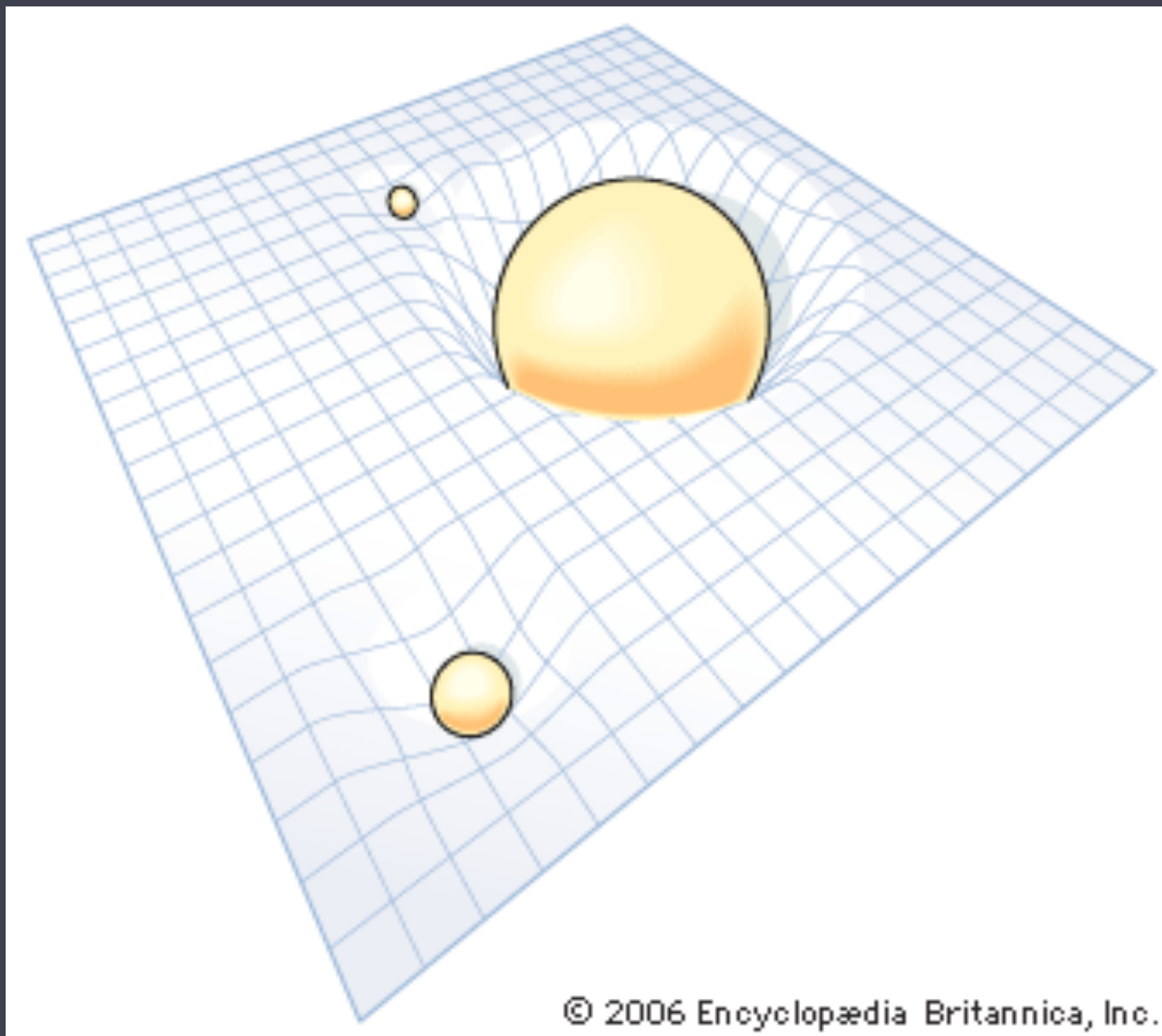


Positive curvature

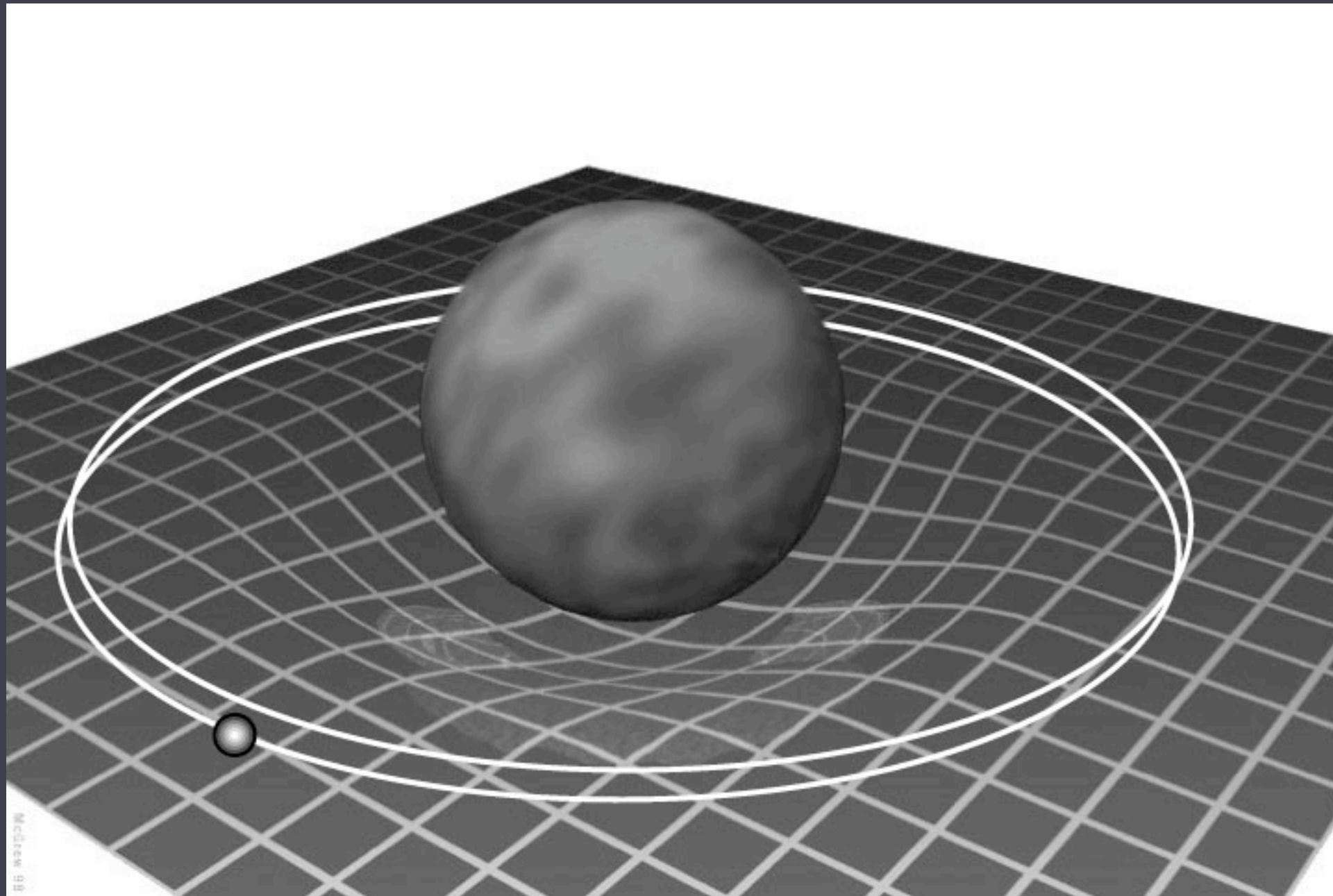


Negative curvature

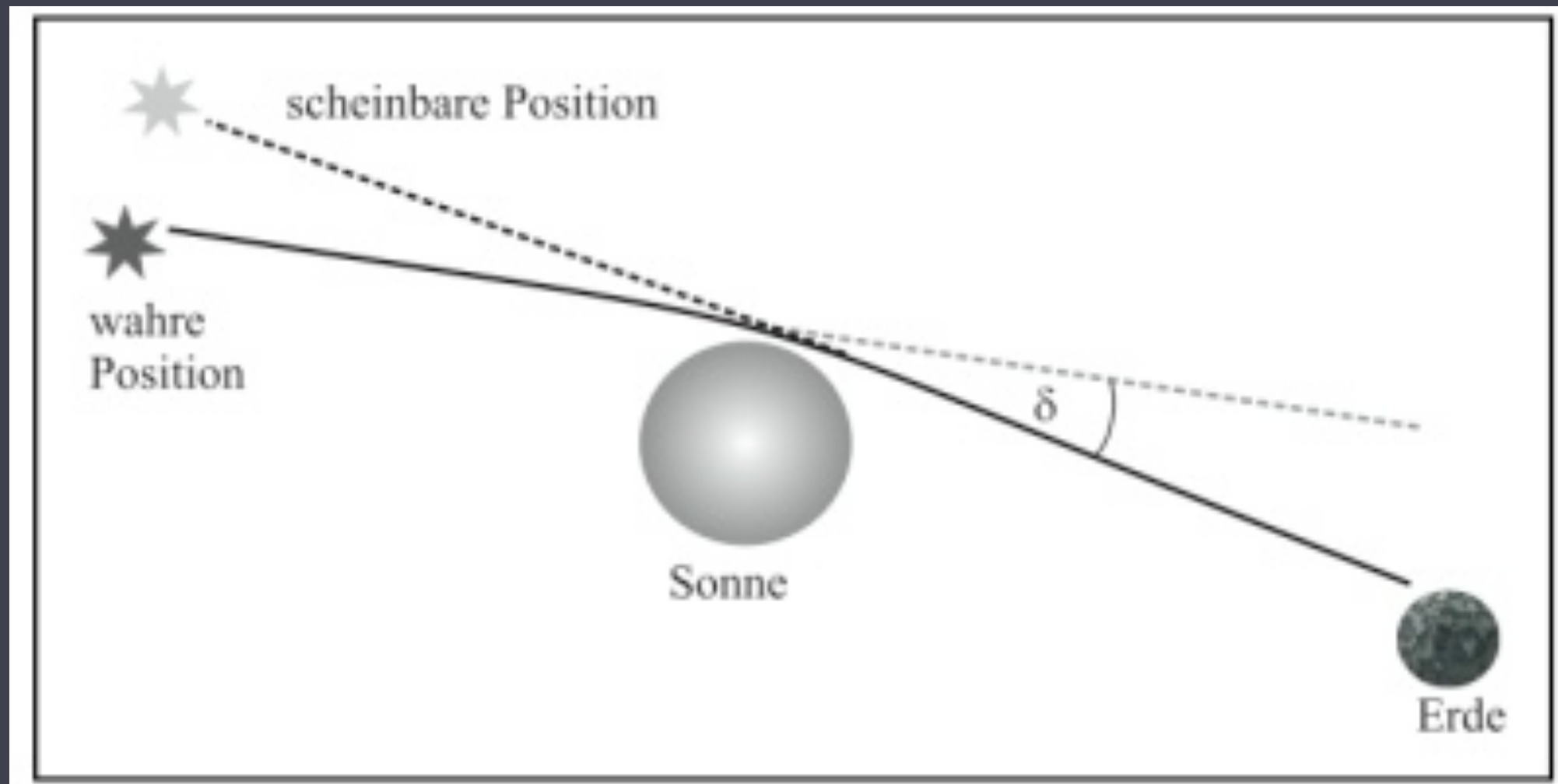
mass curves space *locally* too



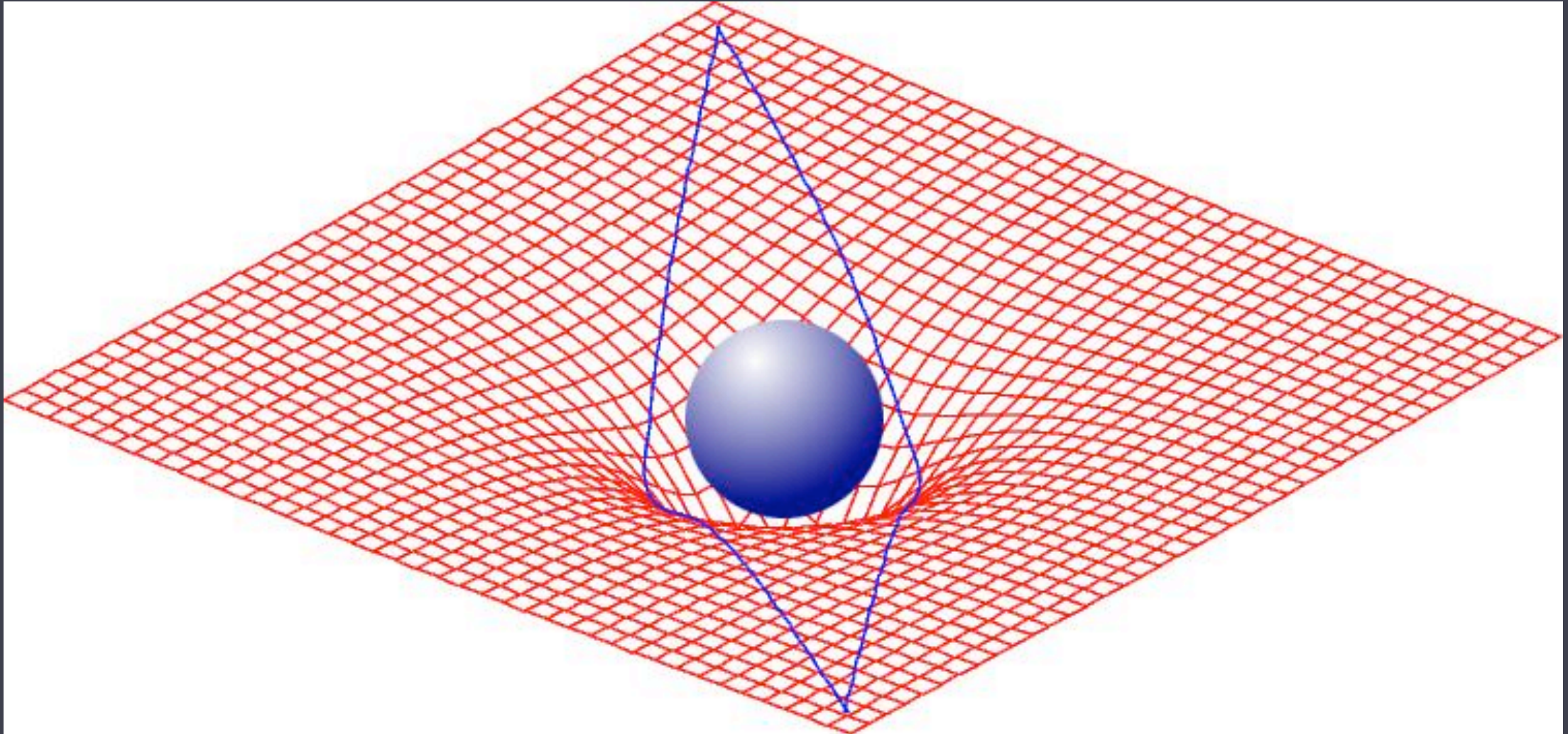
Orbits can be understood in terms of curved space

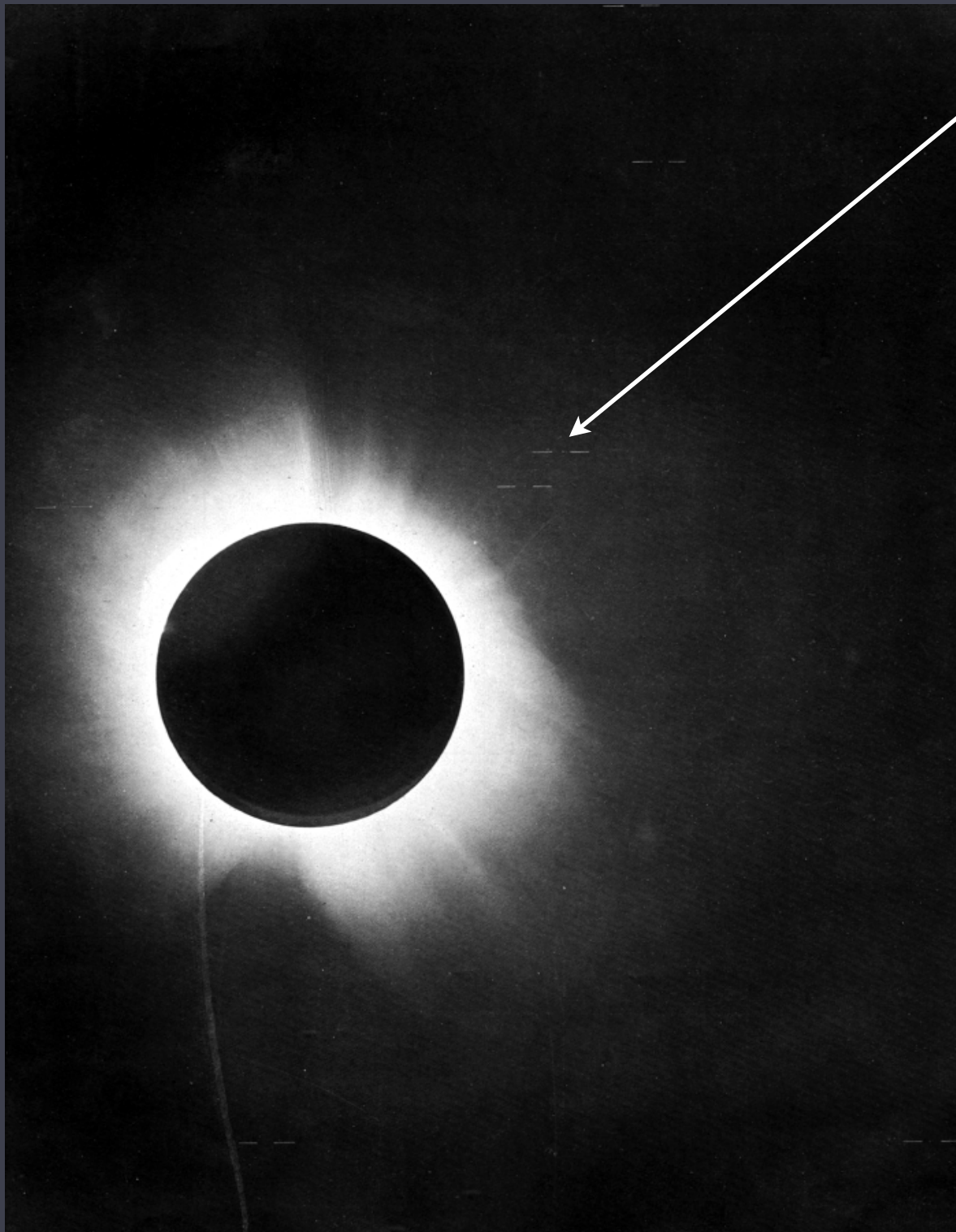


Prediction: the Sun bends starlight that passes near it



Einstein's view is that light is just following the shortest path (geodesic) in curved spacetime





1919 eclipse
expedition
confirms the
bending of
starlight by the
Sun... quantitative
agreement with
Einstein (2 times
bigger effect than
Newton)

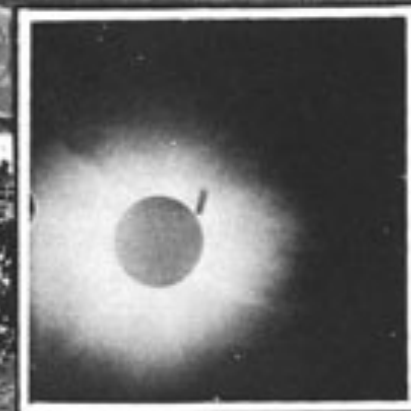
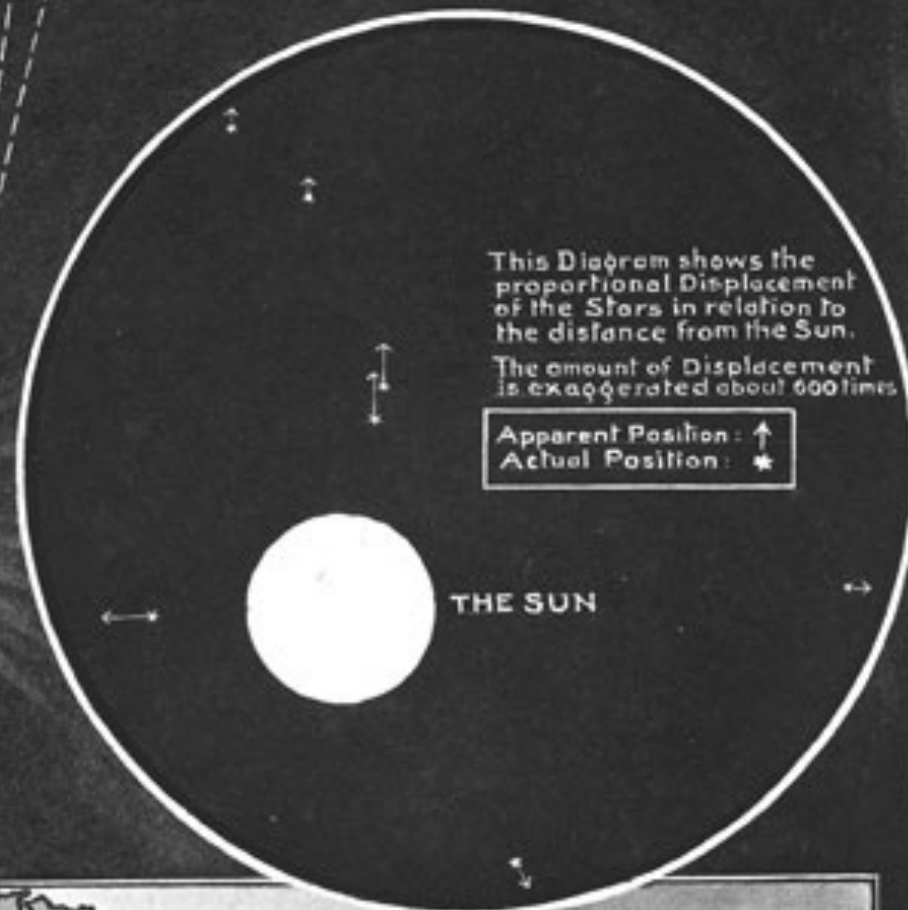
Actual Position
of the Star

Distance from the Earth
to the Stella Background
is more than
93,000,000,000,000 miles.

Apparent Position
of the Star

THE SUN

Distance from
the Earth
93,000,000 miles



Quasar
Image A

Real
Quasar

Quasar
Image B

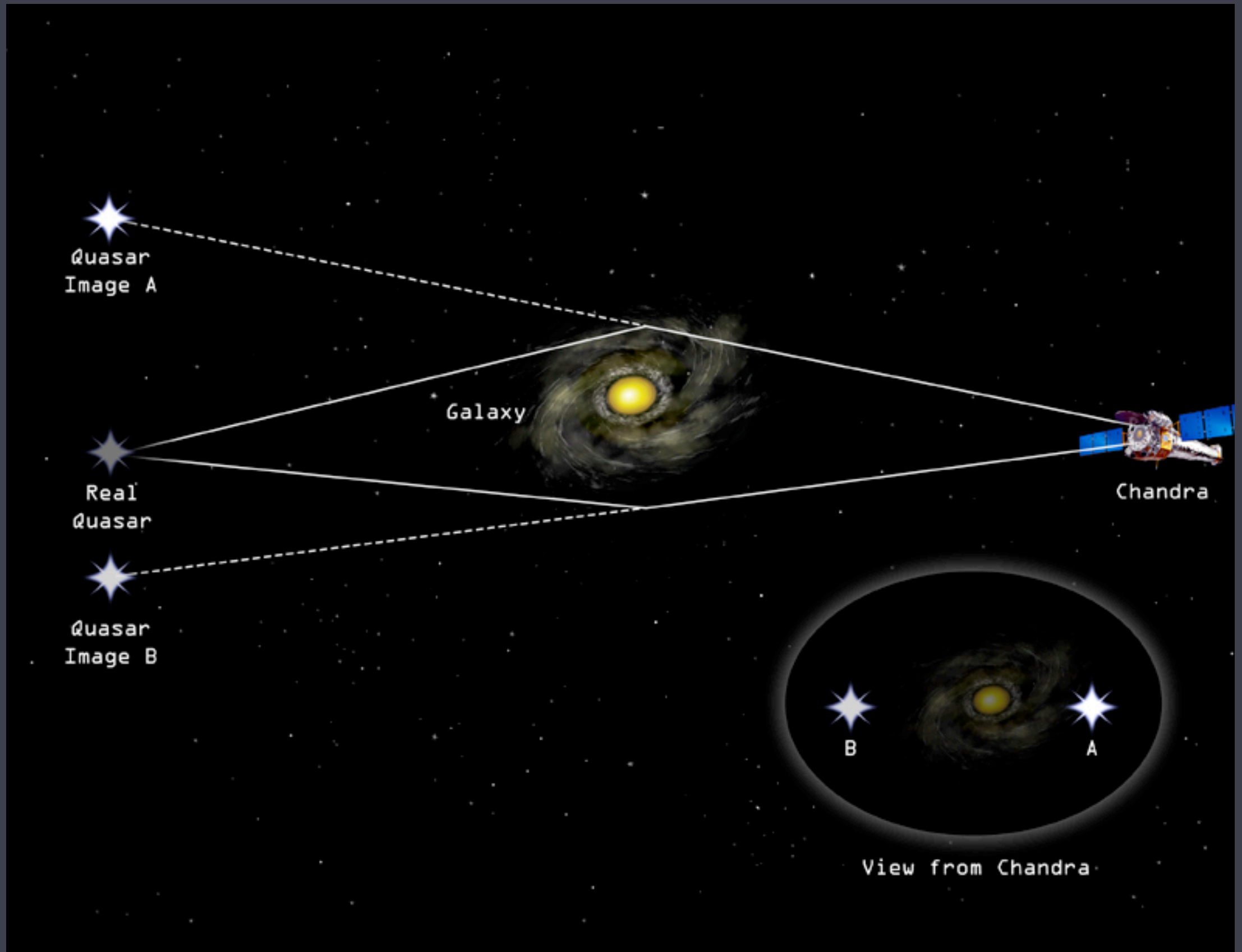
Galaxy

Chandra

B

A

View from Chandra



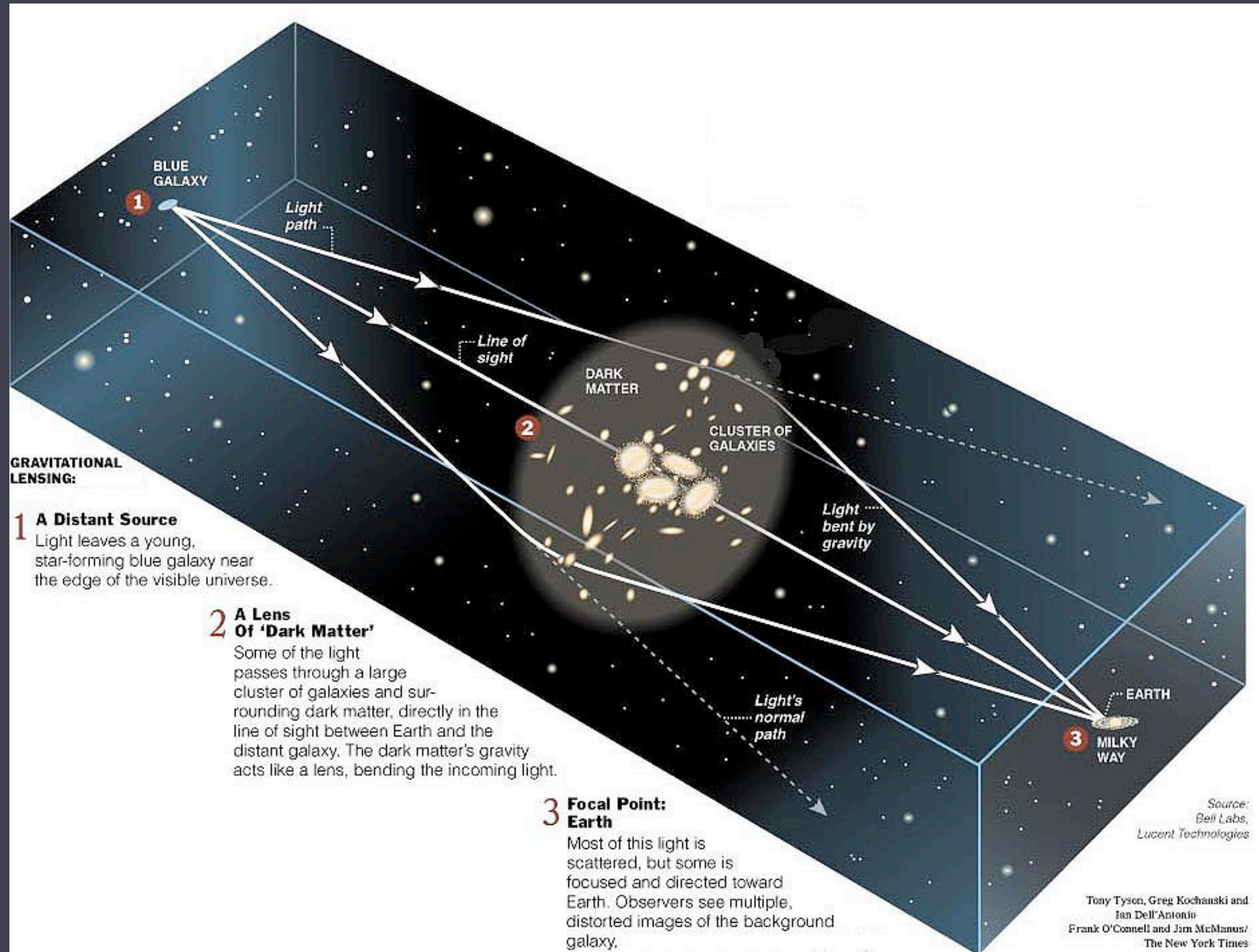
“Einstein Cross” - quadruply lensed galaxy (as some of you pointed out, if the alignment were perfect, you’d get a ring)



Smithsonian building on the Washington Mall, with a Saturn-mass black hole halfway between the building and the observer



galaxy clusters are the largest single entities in the universe; we'd like to measure the mass in galaxy clusters to sample Ω_m on these scales

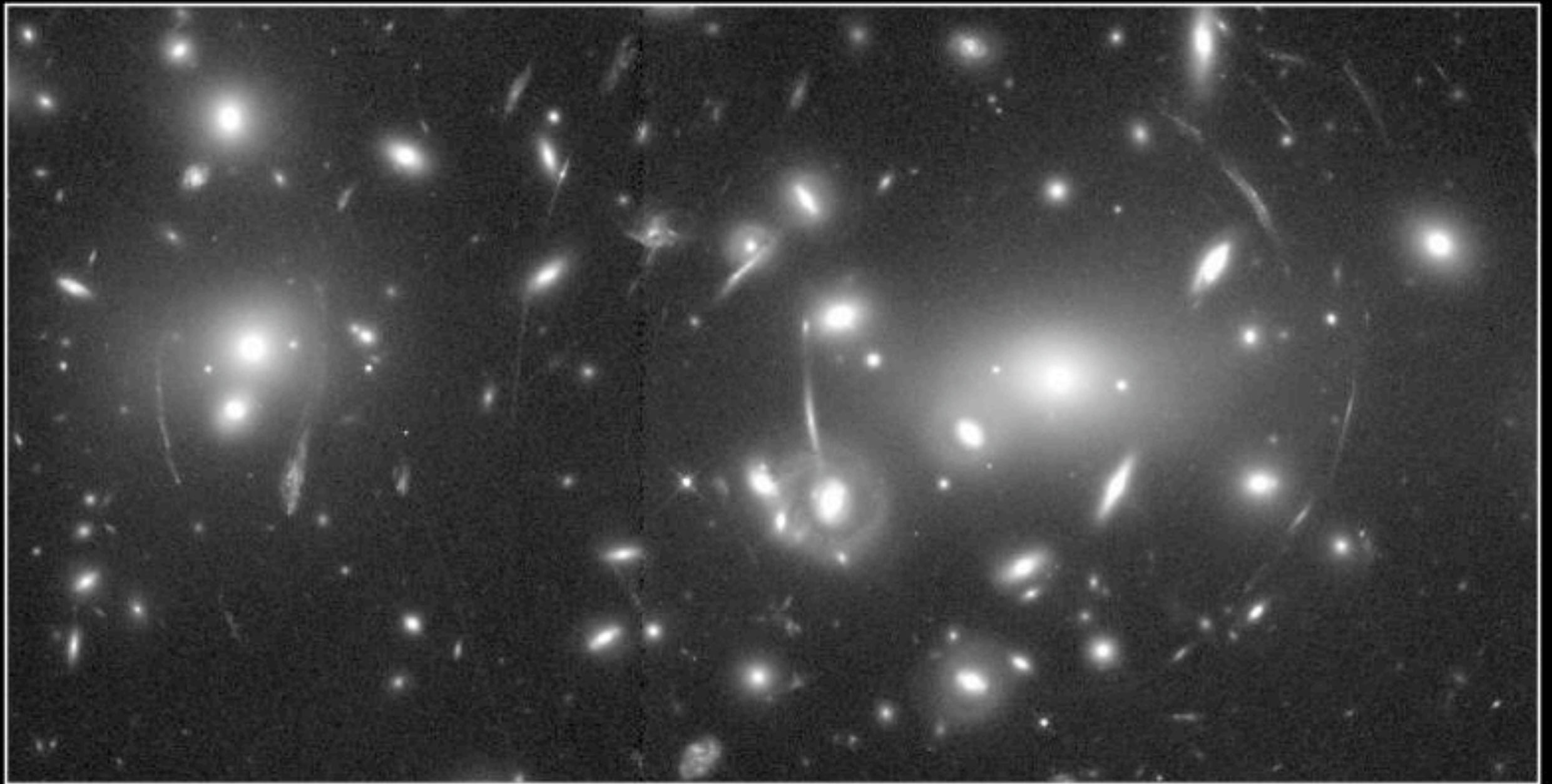


foreground galaxy cluster lensing background galaxies





by modeling the observed lensing, the mass distribution in the cluster can be determined along with the total mass of the cluster: this “weighs” both regular baryonic matter *and* dark matter

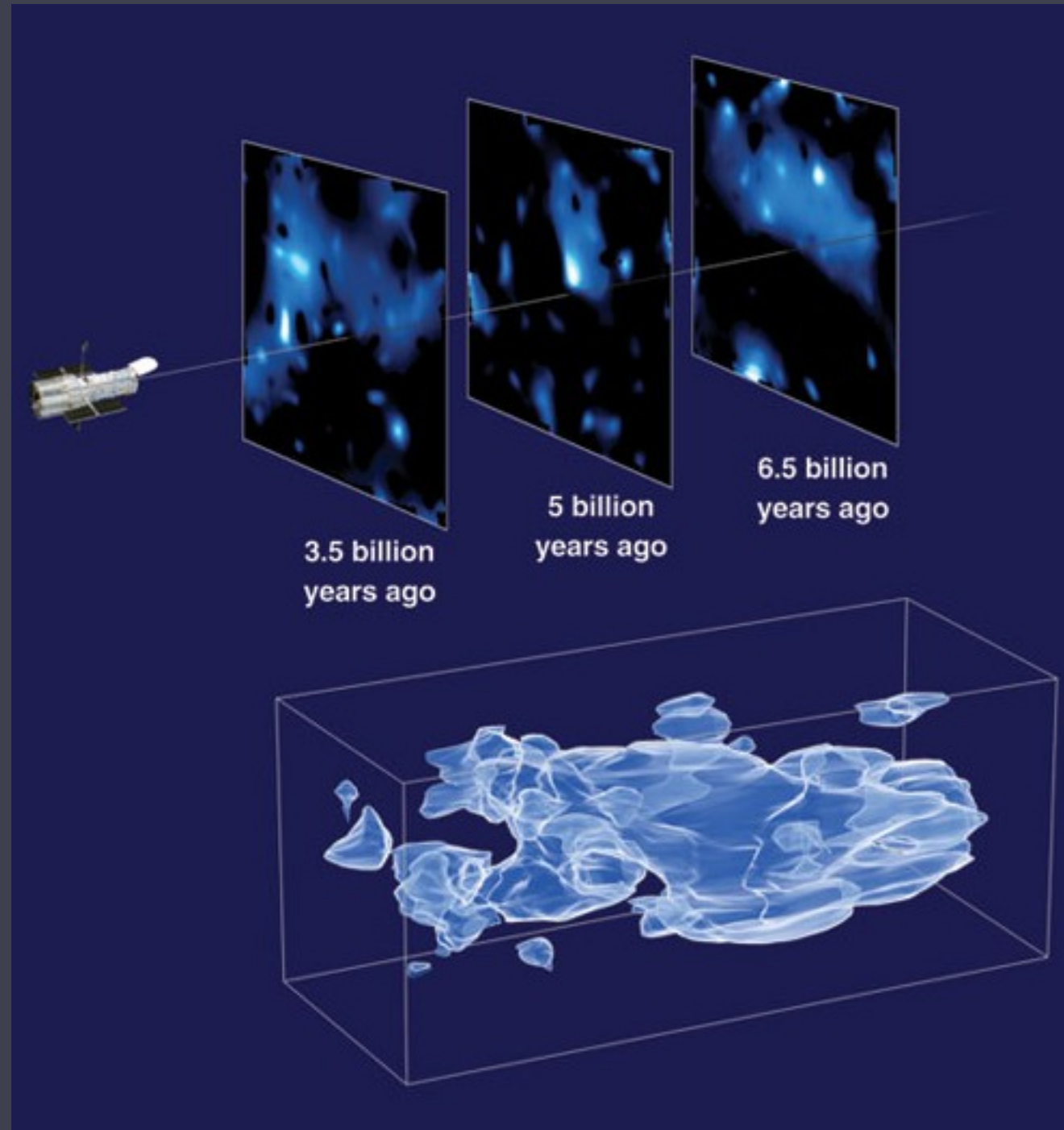


Gravitational Lens in Abell 2218

HST • WFPC2

PF95-14 • ST ScI OPO • April 5, 1995 • W. Couch (UNSW), NASA

In fact, the dark matter (plus small contribution from baryonic matter) can be mapped out in *many* galaxy clusters along the path that light from distant background galaxies covers on its way to us



this image is from the American Scientist article:
<http://www.americanscientist.org/issues/pub/dark-matter-comes-to-light>