6April2007 D. Cohen

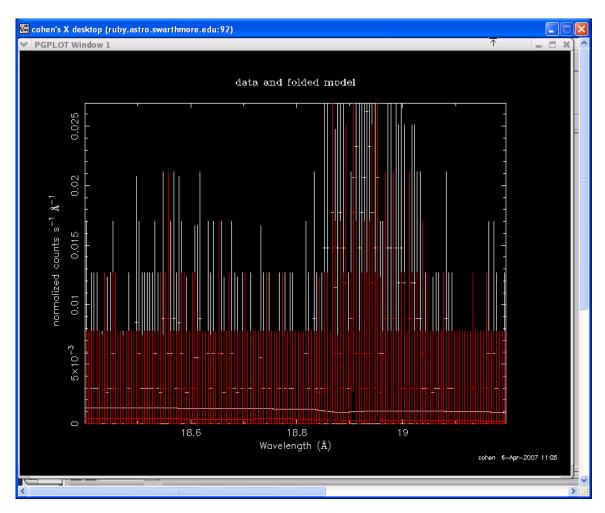
Analyzing the O VIII Ly-alpha line in the MEG spectrum of zeta Pup using Maurice's Jan. 2007 version of windproof in xspec v.12

This is a follow-on to the memo describing the Fe XVII 15.014 fit; just to see how robust the results are (not just best-fit parameters, but also trends with the assumed terminal velocity)...and see what other unanticipated problems come up.

We're just fitting the standard Owocki-Cohen smooth wind profile model.

## O VIII 18.9689 (emissivity weighted mean wavelength of the Ly-alpha doublet)

Looking at the nearby continuum:



Looks like some fuzz blueward of about 18.7; so let's try fitting 18.7:18.8, 19.1:19.2

Model powerlaw<1> Source No.: 1 Active/On Model Model Component Parameter Unit Value par comp

1 1 powerlaw PhoIndex 2.00000 frozen

2 1 powerlaw norm 2.06743E-03 +/- 7.67464E-04

C-statistic = 55.46 using 76 PHA bins and 75 degrees of freedom.

XSPEC12>error 1.0 2 Parameter Confidence Range (1.000000) 2 0.001601 0.002569 (-0.000466,0.000501)

Note that we've used both the negative and positive orders, but the m=+1 order is kind of screwed up near 18.97 A – we saw this in zeta Ori too. Maybe a chip gap that's not perfectly calibrated.

In any case, I made several fits to both orders simultaneously and got fits that were just barely adequate (MC  $\sim$  92%) and had quite unrealistic values of q (approaching +1.0).

Then I excluded the +1 order data and fit only the -1 order data. Note that I kept the results of the powerlaw fit to the nearby continuum shown above, which was done for both orders simultaneously.

```
Model windprof<1> + powerlaw<2> Source No.: 1 Active/On
Model Model Component Parameter Unit
```

par comp

1 1 windprof q **8.22351E-02** +/- 0.272452 2 1 windprof taustar **2.37997** +/- 0.840934 3 1 windprof **u0 0.729405** +/- 0.210764 4 1 windprof h 0.0frozen 5 1 windprof tau0star 0.0 frozen 6 1 windprof beta 1.00000 frozen 7 1 windprof betaSob 0.0 frozen 8 1 windprof numerica 0 frozen 9 1 windprof anisotro 0 frozen 10 1 windprof rosselan 0 frozen 1 windprof expansio 0 frozen 12 1 windprof thick 0 frozen 13 1 windprof waveleng "A" 18.9689 frozen 14 1 windprof shift "mA" 0.0 frozen 15 1 windprof velocity (scale) 2485.00 16 1 windprof verbose 0 frozen 1 windprof **norm 3.65997E-04** +/- 5.83324E-05 18 2 powerlaw PhoIndex 2.00000 frozen

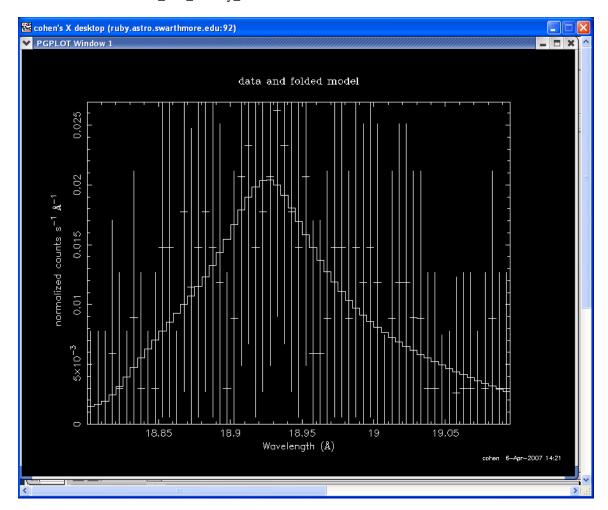
19 2 powerlaw norm 2.07000E-03 frozen

C-statistic = 64.73 using 59 PHA bins and 55 degrees of freedom.

XSPEC12>goodness 100 nosim 63.00% of realizations are < best fit statistic 64.73

## XSPEC12>iplot

PLT> wdata 18969/18969\_best\_m1only\_v2485.dat

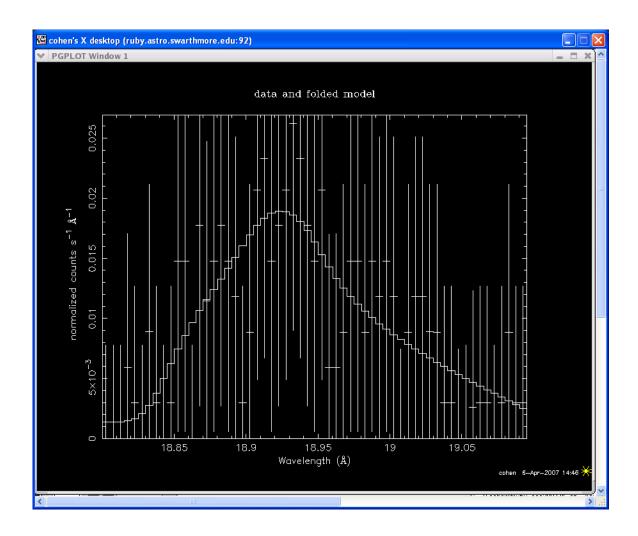


## Trying a fit with the lower terminal velocity (also just to m=-1)

Model windprof<1> + powerlaw<2> Source No.: 1 Active/On Model Model Component Parameter Unit Value par comp 1 windprof **q 3.18039E-02** +/- 0.260227 2 1 windprof taustar 3.51398 +/- 1.27414 1 windprof **u0** 0.806805 +/- 1.10923 1 windprof h 0.0 frozen 5 1 windprof tau0star 0.0 frozen 6 1 windprof beta 1.00000 frozen 7 1 windprof betaSob 0.0 frozen 1 windprof numerica 0 frozen 1 windprof anisotro 0 frozen 10 1 windprof rosselan 0 frozen 1 windprof expansio 0 frozen 1 windprof thick 12 0 frozen 1 windprof waveleng "A" frozen 18.9689 13 1 windprof shift "mA" 0.0frozen 15 1 windprof velocity (scale) 2200.00 1 windprof verbose 16 0 frozen **3.59717E-04** +/- 5.81755E-05 17 1 windprof **norm** 18 2 powerlaw PhoIndex 2.00000 frozen 19 2 powerlaw norm 2.07000E-03 frozen

C-statistic = 65.12 using 59 PHA bins and 55 degrees of freedom.

XSPEC12>goodness 100 nosim 59.00% of realizations are < best fit statistic 65.12



Summarizing the results of these two fits:

v_inf	$\mathbf{q}$	tau_star	u_max	$norm/10^{-4}$	$\mathbf{C}$	MC%
2485	0.08	2.38	0.729	3.66	64.73	63%
2200	0.03	3.51	0.807	3.6	65.12	59%

So, with this line too, tau\_star is pretty strongly affected by the choice of terminal velocity, while other parameters less so (u\_max a bit more than with the Fe line).